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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/082,692	02/22/2002	Michael K. Zyskowski	MICR0261	5312
27792 75	590 09/01/2006		EXAMINER	
RONALD M. ANDERSON			SHARON, AYAL I	
	MICROSOFT CORPORATION 600 108TH AVENUE N.E., SUITE 507			PAPER NUMBER
BELLEVUE, V	WA 98004		2123	
			DATE MAILED: 09/01/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10/082,692	ZYSKOWSKI, MI	ZYSKOWSKI, MICHAEL K.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Ayal I. Sharon	2123				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the period patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUI FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may n. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) M statute, cause the application to become	NICATION. y a reply be timely filed CONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	27 June 2006.					
		This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice und	ler <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.					
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on $2/22/02$ is/are: a) $igtie$	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected	I to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abey	/ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	•		` '			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attach	ned Office Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	eign priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the		en received in this National	l Stage			
	application from the International Bu						
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	ot received.				
Attachma-	We)						
Attachmen 1) Notic	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intento	w Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	Paper N	lo(s)/Mail Date				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE r No(s)/Mail Date	3/08) 5) Notice of 6) Other:	of Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)			

Art Unit: 2123

DETAILED ACTION

Introduction

- 1. Claims 1-34 of U.S. Application 10/082,692, originally filed on 02/22/2002, are currently pending.
- 2. New 35 U.S.C. § 101 rejections have been added.
- 3. New on-sale bar rejections have been added as a result of Applicant's submission of references accompanying the Declaration submitted on 6/27/2006.
- Because the Enclosures to the Declaration were not disclosed in an IDS, the Examiner is adding them in a PTO-892 form.
- 5. This action is non-final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 7. Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- 8. The fundamental test for patent eligibility is to determine whether the claimed invention produces a "useful, concrete and tangible result." See State Street

 Bank & Trust Co. v. Signature Financial Group Inc., 149 F. 3d 1368, 47 USPQ2d

 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1998) and AT&T Corp. v. Excel Communications, Inc., 172 F.3d

Art Unit: 2123

1352, 50 USPQ2d 1447 (Fed. Cir. 1999). In these decisions, the court found that the claimed invention as a whole must accomplish a practical application. That is, it must produce a "useful, concrete and tangible <u>result</u>."

Page 3

- 9. See <u>State Street</u>, 149 F.3d at 1373-74, 47 USPQ2d at 1601-02. ("[T]he transformation of data, representing discrete dollar amounts, by a machine through a series of mathematical calculations into a final share price, constitutes a practical application of a mathematical algorithm, formula, or calculation, because it produces 'a useful, concrete and tangible result' a final share price momentarily fixed for recording and reporting purposes and even accepted and relied upon by regulatory authorities and in subsequent trades").
- 10. See also AT&T, 172 F.3d at 1358, 50 USPQ2d at 1452 (Claims drawn to a long-distance telephone billing process containing mathematical algorithms were held patentable subject matter because the process used the algorithm to produce a useful, concrete, tangible result a primary inter-exchange carrier ("PIC") indicator without preempting other uses of the mathematical principle).
- 11. The Examiner respectfully submits that the claimed invention does not recite a concrete, useful, tangible result.
- 12. First of all, the claimed invention does not necessarily produce a result. All of the independent claims (Claims 1, 12, 19, and 29), and their dependent claims, merely "enable" the user to evaluate the result. The user does not necessarily have to do so.

Art Unit: 2123

13. The independent claims also recite "enabling the user to input" parameters or data. Again, the user does not necessarily have to do so, therefore the claimed invention does not necessarily produce a result.

- 14. Moreover, the result of the "user evaluation" takes place in the mind of the user, and not in the claimed invention.
- 15. In addition, independent claims 1 and 12, and their dependent claims, are directed to functional descriptive material *per se*.
- 16. "Descriptive material" is nonstatutory when claimed as descriptive material *per* se. In re Warmerdam, 33 F.3d 1354, 1360, 31 USPQ2d 1754, 1759. When functional descriptive material is recorded on some computer-readable medium it becomes structurally and functionally interrelated to the medium and will be statutory in most cases since use of technology permits the function of the descriptive material to be realized. Compare In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 1583-84 (Fed. Cir. 1994) (claim to data structure stored on a computer readable medium that increases computer efficiency held statutory) and Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1360-61, 31 USPQ2d at 1759 (claim to computer having a specific data structure stored in memory held statutory product-by-process claim) with Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure *per* se held nonstatutory).

Art Unit: 2123

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

17. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 18. The prior art used for these rejections is as follows:
- 19. Applicant's Declaration dated 6/20/2006, and filed on 6/27/2006 ("Declaration"), which discusses the following Microsoft products and documents:
 - a) Microsoft Flight Simulator 2000 (FS2000). As described in the Declaration,
 "Enclosure B" is the document titled "Microsoft Flight Simulator 2000
 Software Development Kit, Aircraft Container System."
 - b) Microsoft Combat Flight Simulator 2.0 (CFS 2). As described in the Declaration, "Enclosure C" is the document titled "Setting and Changing Aircraft Parameters" of Microsoft Combat Flight Simulator 2.0 (CFS 2). Moreover, as described in the Declaration, "Enclosure D" is the document titled "Importing Aircraft, Missions, and Scenery for Combat Flight Simulator 2".
- 20. The claim rejections are hereby summarized for Applicant's convenience. The detailed rejections follow.
- 21. Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) based upon a public use or sale of the invention.

Art Unit: 2123

22. Both Microsoft Flight Simulator 2000 (FS2000) and Microsoft Combat Flight

Simulator 2.0 (CFS 2) contained the features of the claimed invention, according to the Declaration and Enclosures B, C, and D.

Page 6

- 23. All of the independent claims recite "enabling a user to create <u>or</u> modify a design" (emphasis added), as well as "enabling the user to input a plurality" of parameters or data.
- 24. Using the broadest reasonable interpretation of the claims, the user can merely modify a design.
- 25. In regards to Microsoft Flight Simulator 2000 (FS2000):
 - a) According to Applicant's Declaration (see p.3), "FS2000 included the FSEDIT application, although the FDE included only one section that allowed certain scalars to be changed by a user positioning a slider." Examiner finds that this reads on the claimed invention because it provides for modifying a design.
 - b) Applicant's Declaration (see p.3) also states that "FS2000 lacked the ability to create flight model data files from scratch ..." Examiner notes that the claims recite "enabling a user to create **or** modify a design" (emphasis added).
 - c) Applicant's Declaration (see p.3) also states that "FS2000 lacked the ability to create flight model data files from scratch that are compatible with the flight simulator as shown in Figure 4 of the above identified application ...".

 Examiner notes that the Applicant is arguing about features that are not in the claims. The limitation of "the flight simulator as shown in Figure 4 of the above identified application" is not recited in the claims.

Art Unit: 2123

d) Applicant's Declaration (see p.3) also states that "... and a user was unable to evaluate this custom design in real-time simulated flight within FS2000, based on a point of view of a pilot flying the aircraft." Examiner interprets that this refers to the inability of FS2000 to create flight model data files "from scratch", and therefore there is no ability to evaluate them. However, the claimed invention does not require evaluating "custom" flight model data files that were created "from scratch".

26. In regards to Microsoft Combat Flight Simulator 2.0 (CFS 2):

- a) According to Applicant's Declaration (see p.3), when discussing CFS 2, states: "As in FS98 and FS2000, Enclosure C explains how a user can import new aircraft and add or change values in the aircraft.cfg file (first paragraph page 1)."
- b) Enclosure C teaches (see first paragraph, page 1): "In Combat Flight Simulator 2, as in Microsoft Flight Simulator 98 and 2000, you can import new aircraft and add or change values in the associated aircraft.cfg file to modify aircraft behavior, performance and damage."
- c) Examiner finds that this reads on the claimed invention because it provides for modifying a design.
- d) Examiner notes that the date of Enclosure C is 11/29/00.
- 27. Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Enclosure C.

Art Unit: 2123

Response to Arguments

Re: Oath/Declaration

28. Examiner finds applicant's arguments regarding the objection to the Oath/Declaration to be persuasive (see p.9 of Applicant's Remarks filed 6/27/2006). The objection has been withdrawn.

Re: Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

29. Examiner finds applicant's arguments regarding the 35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph rejections to be persuasive (see pp.9-10 of Applicant's Remarks filed 6/27/2006). The rejections have been withdrawn.

Re: Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 30. Examiner thanks the Applicant for the detailed response to the on-sale rejections.

 Examiner has given full faith and credit to Applicant's Declaration, and the accompanying enclosures.
- 31. The rejections based on the Zyskowski reference have been withdrawn in light of Applicant's disclosure in p.2 of the Declaration filed 6/27/06, that Microsoft Combat Flight Simulator 1.0 "did not provide any editing program or any way for a user to design an aircraft and test fly the user's design with MCFS1.0."

Art Unit: 2123

Conclusion

Page 9

32. The following prior art, made of record and not relied upon, is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

33. U.S. Patent 6,553,333 to Shenk. (The reference teaches processing a plurality of user parameters to generate a report of aerodynamic coefficients, but does not produce simulated flying of the aircraft based on a point of view of a pilot flying the aircraft.)

Correspondence Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ayal I. Sharon whose telephone number is (571) 272-3714. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, and the first Friday of a bi-week, 8:30 am – 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Rodriguez can be reached at (571) 272-3753.

Any response to this office action should be faxed to (571) 273-8300, or mailed to:

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or hand carried to:

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Art Unit: 2123

Page 10

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Tech Center 2100 Receptionist, whose telephone number is (571) 272-2100.

Ayal I. Sharon Art Unit 2123 August 30, 2006

> PAUL RODRIGUEZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100